### **Annual Financial Report**

June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Kansas City, Missouri

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Kansas City Public Library (the Library), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Library as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Gifts/Grants funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2023, the Library adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Standard No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information

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and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statistical Data Section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri February 5, 2024

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

As management of the Kansas City Public Library (the "Library"), we offer readers of the Library's financial statements with this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Kansas City Public Library for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Library's financial statements which follow this narrative.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Kansas City Public Library exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$59,617,703 (net position).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Kansas City Public Library's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,974,397, an increase of \$2,023,358 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily the result of increased property tax revenue and investment income, as well as grants and contributions received by the Library.
- Approximately 44.1% of the total fund balance, or \$13,674,056, is unassigned and available for spending at the Library's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$13,674,056 was 51.2% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Effective July 1, 2022, the Library adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SIBTA)*. Comparative 2022 financial information presented herein has not been restated for the adoption of GASB 96 because the basic financial statements present single year financial statements.
- The Kansas City Public Library's total liabilities overall increased by \$6,884,351 during the current fiscal year. The net increase was primarily due to the change in Net Pension Liability.

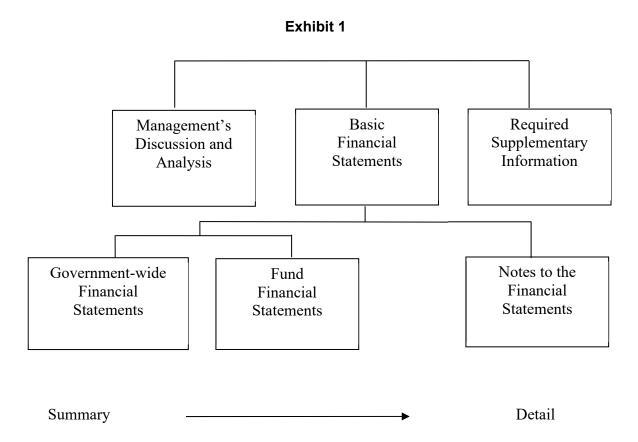
#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Kansas City Public Library's basic financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements consist of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements (see *Exhibit 1*). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Library through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains required supplementary information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Kansas City Public Library.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

### Required Components of Annual Financial Report



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short- and long-term information about the Library's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Library's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Required Supplementary Information** is provided to show details about pension information.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Library's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements provide short- and long-term information about the Library's financial status as a whole.

- 1. The statement of net position represents information on all the Library's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the residual being reported as net position. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Library's financial condition.
- 2. The statement of activities presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the year. This statement includes all of the Library's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements are *Exhibits 2* and 3 of the MD&A. The government-wide financial statements also include the financial statements of the Kansas City Public Library Foundation, a legally separate entity. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the Library (primary government) in accordance with GASB standards.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Library's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Kansas City Public Library, like other governmental entities in Missouri, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Library's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Kansas City Public Library can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

1. **Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Library's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine if there are more or fewer financial resources available to finance the Library's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

An annual budget is prepared in accordance with Missouri state statutes for estimated revenues within the General Fund, itemized by source, and for proposed expenditures for each department and branch, itemized by object and activity. Annual budgets are also adopted for total revenues and expenditures (excluding itemizations by object and activity) of the individual Special Revenue Funds. All budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary comparison statements are provided for the general and major special revenue funds.

Funds demonstrate how well the Library succeeded in providing the services planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statements use the budgetary basis of accounting and are presented using the same format, language and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement presents four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations and changes in fund balance; and 4) the variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

2. **Proprietary Funds** – The Kansas City Public Library maintains one proprietary fund, an enterprise fund, which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Library uses its enterprise fund to account for the operation of the Library's parking garage, which is used by both Library patrons and other customers.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Kansas City Public Library's pension information.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

### Kansas City Public Library's Net Position Exhibit 2

	Governmental Activities						
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)				
Other assets Capital, lease, and subscription assets	\$ 34,873,606 48,267,621	\$ 31,106,842 45,745,762	\$ 3,766,764 2,521,859				
Total assets	83,141,227	76,852,604	6,288,623				
Deferred outflows of resources	3,508,444	923,962	2,584,482				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	86,649,671	77,776,566	8,873,105				
Long-term liabilities Unearned revenue Other liabilities	2,310,449 9,490,181 19,246,820	2,178,822 9,531,052 12,453,225	131,627 (40,871) 6,793,595				
Total liabilities	31,047,450	24,163,099	6,884,351				
Deferred inflows of resources	322,514	2,615,883	(2,293,369)				
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	31,369,964	26,778,982	4,590,982				
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	36,238,853 9,788,735 9,252,119	34,604,340 8,185,395 8,207,849	1,634,513 1,603,340 1,044,270				
Total net position	\$ 55,279,707	\$ 50,997,584	\$ 4,282,123				
	Bus	siness-type Activ					
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)				
Other assets Capital assets	\$ 501,437 3,836,559	\$ 455,602 3,917,446	\$ 45,835 (80,887)				
Total assets	4,337,996	4,373,048	(35,052)				
Accounts payable							
Total liabilities							
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	3,836,559 501,437	3,917,446 455,602	(80,887) 45,835				
Total net position	\$ 4,337,996	\$ 4,373,048	\$ (35,052)				

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Kansas City Public Library exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$59,617,703 as of June 30, 2023. The Library's net position increased by \$4,247,071 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The largest portion of the net position (66.5%) reflects the Library's net investment in capital assets. The Kansas City Public Library uses these capital assets to provide services to customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining portion of the Kansas City Public Library's net position is comprised of restricted net position of \$9,788,735 (which consists of the Gifts and Grants, Endowment and Capital Development Funds) and unrestricted net position of \$9,753,556.

### Kansas City Public Library's Changes in Net Position Exhibit 3

	Governmental Activities							
			Increase					
	2023	2022	(Decrease)					
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 467,853	\$ 384,858	\$ 82,995					
Operating grants and contributions	3,967,679	2,451,254	1,516,425					
Capital grants and contributions	480,098	800,000	(319,902)					
General revenues								
Property taxes	26,770,558	25,613,331	1,157,227					
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	1,359,856	(543,829)	1,903,685					
Other	90,473	34,285	56,188					
Total revenues	33,136,517	28,739,899	4,396,618					
Program expenses								
Salaries and fringe benefits	16,406,381	13,620,824	2,785,557					
Library materials	3,187,841	2,415,786	772,055					
General operating	4,540,692	3,900,221	640,471					
Building operations and maintenance	2,902,904	2,891,487	11,417					
Other expenses	1,866,576	2,596,100	(729,524)					
Total expenses	28,904,394	25,424,418	3,479,976					
Transfers	50,000		50,000					
Change in Net Position	4,282,123	3,315,481	966,642					
Net Position, Beginning of Year	50,997,584	47,682,103	3,315,481					
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 55,279,707	\$ 50,997,584	\$ 4,282,123					

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities							
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)					
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 573,363	\$ 513,016	\$ 60,347					
Total revenues	573,363	513,016	60,347					
Program expenses								
General operating	558,415	421,237	137,178					
Total expenses	558,415	421,237	137,178					
Transfers	(50,000)		(50,000)					
Change in Net Position	(35,052)	91,779	(126,831)					
Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,373,048	4,281,269	91,779					
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 4,337,996	\$ 4,373,048	\$ (35,052)					

### Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Library's net position by \$4,282,123. The key elements of this net increase were increases in revenue including investment earnings, grants and contributions, and property tax revenue.

### **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities reflected a decrease to the Kansas City Public Library's net position of \$35,052. The key element of this net decrease was increased operating expenses during 2023.

### Financial Analysis of the Library's Funds

As noted earlier, the Kansas City Public Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the Kansas City Public Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Kansas City Public Library's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Kansas City Public Library. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$13,674,056 while total fund balance reached \$15,510,395. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 51.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 58.1% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of the Kansas City Public Library reported a combined fund balance of \$30,974,397, an overall increase of \$2,023,358 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily in the Capital Development Fund which had an increase of \$1,757,679 due to a transfer from the General Fund for capital development projects. The General Fund had an increase of \$393,144 due to an increase in investment income and property tax revenue.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Library revised the General Fund operating budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The following summarizes significant variations between the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts for the General Fund:

- Property Taxes Property tax revenue was more than projected.
- State and Federal Funds and Charges for Services State and Federal funds and charges for services were more than projected.
- Salary and Fringe Benefits Salary and Fringe Benefits expenditures were lower than projected, due to larger than anticipated employee turnover and attrition rates as the impact of the pandemic continued.
- **Debt Service** Debt Service Principal retirement expenditures were more than projected due to budget categorization. The payment was budgeted in Building Operations and Maintenance.

Overall, the General Fund's actual expenditures were \$26,691,922 or 100.7% of the total budgeted expenditures of \$26,501,588.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

### Capital, Lease, and Subscription Assets

The Kansas City Public Library's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, totaled \$52,104,180 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). These assets include buildings, land, furniture and equipment, software, and the library collection.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Library materials' additions of \$2,969,465 and reductions of \$2,054,431.
- Construction in progress additions include a network refresh and renovations to the third floor of the Central Library.
- The adoption of subscription-based information technology arrangements (GASB 96) resulted in an increase of \$1,428,629.

## Kansas City Public Library's Capital Assets Exhibit 4

	Governmental Activities						
						Increase	
		2023		2022	([	Decrease)	
Land	\$	3,622,623	\$	3,529,876	\$	92,747	
Buildings	•	32,032,570	•	32,998,429	•	(965,859)	
Vehicles		202,573		244,615		(42,042)	
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and artwork		1,586,829		1,824,379		(237,550)	
Library collection		7,279,482		6,547,681		731,801	
Leasehold improvements		553,068		584,282		(31,214)	
Right-to-use and subscription assets		1,406,464		258,687		1,147,777	
Construction in progress		1,584,012		16,500		1,567,512	
	\$	48,267,621	\$	46,004,449	\$	2,263,172	
		Bus	sines	ss-type Activ	ities		
					ı	ncrease	
		2023		2022	([	Decrease)	
Land	\$	2,520,000	\$	2,520,000	\$	_	
Buildings		1,287,177		1,347,046		(59,869)	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		29,382		50,400		(21,018)	
	\$	3,836,559	\$	3,917,446	\$	(80,887)	

Additional information on the Library's capital, lease, and subscription assets can be found in *Note 3* of the basic financial statements.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

### Long-term Debt and Other Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2023, the Kansas City Public Library had total long-term debt and other long-term liabilities of \$19,689,008. This debt is for an outstanding financed purchase, lease, net pension liability and subscription liabilities payable. Additional information regarding the Kansas City Public Library's long-term debt can be found in *Notes 6-8* of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets**

#### Governmental Activities

A General Fund Operating Budget of \$28,302,873 for fiscal year 2023-2024 will be proposed, which is \$1,801,285 or 6.8% more than the previous year. Property tax revenues are projected to increase slightly due to an increase in assessed valuations. Other revenue categories are projected to increase slightly. Salaries and Fringe expenditures have been increased as the Library has added additional positions to build operating capacity and increased minimum wage salaries throughout the Library to match current trends and market rates. The Library continues to seek grant revenue streams, which support programming activities for the next year.

### **Business-type Activities**

The proposed operating budget for the Library Parking Garage for fiscal year 2023–2024 will be \$500,000, which is \$50,000 more than the previous year as revenues are expected to be higher. Capital expenditures are budgeted at \$1,315,000 to allow for additional capital projects and maintenance.

#### Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Library's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, Kansas City Public Library, 14 West 10th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64105.



# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary Government						Component Unit		
		overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-type Activities		Total		KCPL undation	
Assets	·								
Deposits and investments Receivables (net of allowance for	\$	21,635,832	\$	497,272	\$	22,133,104	\$	391,068	
doubtful accounts)									
Property taxes		1,470,343		-		1,470,343		-	
Due from other governments		328,495		-		328,495		-	
Interest		70,413		4.165		70,413		-	
Other		767,403		4,165		771,568		-	
Restricted deposits and investments		10,601,120		-		10,601,120		-	
Right-to-use assets, net		278,411		-		278,411		-	
Subscription assets, net		1,128,053		2 520 000		1,128,053		-	
Capital assets, non-depreciable		5,544,844		2,520,000		8,064,844		-	
Capital assets, depreciable, net		41,316,313		1,316,559	_	42,632,872		-	
Total assets		83,141,227		4,337,996		87,479,223		391,068	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	_	3,508,444			_	3,508,444		-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	86,649,671	\$	4,337,996	\$	90,987,667	\$	391,068	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	1,367,807	\$	_	\$	1,367,807	\$	_	
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes	Ψ	497,846	Ψ	_	Ψ	497,846	Ψ	_	
Accrued interest payable		2,608		_		2,608		_	
Unearned revenue		9,490,181		_		9,490,181		_	
Compensated absences and benefits payable		5,150,101				2,120,101			
Due within one year		1,126,754		_		1,126,754		_	
Due in more than one year		709,585		_		709,585		_	
Retirement system contribution		, ,				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Due within one year		48,351		_		48,351		-	
Right-to-use liabilities		-,				- ,			
Due within one year		100,860		_		100,860		-	
Due in more than one year		181,501		_		181,501		-	
Subscription liabilities						•			
Due within one year		301,863		_		301,863		-	
Due in more than one year		844,363		_		844,363		-	
Financed lease purchase									
Due within one year		535,000		_		535,000		-	
Due in more than one year		575,000		-		575,000		-	
Net pension liability		15,265,731				15,265,731		-	
Total liabilities		31,047,450		-		31,047,450		-	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension</b>		322,514		_		322,514		-	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows									
of resources		31,369,964				31,369,964		-	
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		36,238,853		3,836,559		40,075,412		-	
Restricted									
Permanently restricted		3,059,528		_		3,059,528		-	
Capital improvements		6,470,293		-		6,470,293		-	
Programming requirements		258,914		_		258,914		-	
Unrestricted		9,252,119		501,437		9,753,556		391,068	
Total net position		55,279,707		4,337,996		59,617,703		391,068	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources and net position	\$	86,649,671	\$	4,337,996	\$	90,987,667	\$	391,068	

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Program Revenues** 

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		i logialii Nevellues					Onanges in Net i Osition					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		harges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions	Gı	Capital rants and ntributions	G	P overnmental Activities	Primary Government Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit KCPL Foundation
Primary Government												
Governmental activities												
Program services	\$ 28,873,098	\$	467,853	\$	3,967,679	\$	480,098	\$	(23,957,468)	\$ -	\$ (23,957,468)	\$
Interest expense	31,296								(31,296)		(31,296)	-
Total governmental activities	28,904,394		467,853		3,967,679		480,098		(23,988,764)		(23,988,764)	
Business-type activities												
Parking garage	558,415		573,363							14,948	14,948	
Total business-type activities	558,415		573,363						-	14,948	14,948	
Total primary government	\$ 29,462,809	\$	1,041,216	\$	3,967,679	\$	480,098		(23,988,764)	14,948	(23,973,816)	
Component Unit												
KCPL Foundation	10,248		-		26,627		-		-	-	-	16,379
General Revenues												
Property taxes, levied for general												
purpose									26,770,558	-	26,770,558	
Unrestricted investment income									1,359,856	-	1,359,856	14,32
Other									90,473	-	90,473	
Total general revenues									28,220,887		28,220,887	14,32
Other Income/Expenses												
Interfund transfers									50,000	(50,000)		
Change in Net Position									4,282,123	(35,052)	4,247,071	30,707
Net Position, Beginning of Year									50,997,584	4,373,048	55,370,632	360,36
Net Position, End of Year								\$	55,279,707	\$ 4,337,996	\$ 59,617,703	\$ 391,068

### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Funds									
		General Fund	Eı	ndowment Fund	G	ifts/Grants Fund	De	Capital evelopment Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets										
Deposits and investments Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	\$	16,204,791	\$	-	\$	5,431,041	\$	-	\$	21,635,832
Property taxes		1,470,343		-		-		-		1,470,343
Due from other governments		118,017		-		210,478		-		328,495
Interest		70,413		-		-		-		70,413
Other		18,013		2 202 754		749,390		6 509 271		767,403
Restricted deposits and investments  Total assets	_		_	3,303,754	_	699,095	_	6,598,271	_	10,601,120
Total assets	\$	17,881,577	\$	3,303,754	\$	7,090,004	\$	6,598,271	\$	34,873,606
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	584,118	\$	-	\$	655,711	\$	127,978	\$	1,367,807
Accrued salaries and payroll taxes		495,508		-		2,338		-		497,846
Pension contribution payable Unearned revenue		48,351		-		-		-		48,351
	_	50,350	_					- 127.070		50,350
Total liabilities		1,178,327	_			658,049		127,978		1,964,354
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues, property taxes		1,192,855		-		-		-		1,192,855
Unavailable revenues, miscellaneous			_			742,000				742,000
Total deferred inflows										
of resources		1,192,855				742,000				1,934,855
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Endowment fund principal		-		3,059,528		-		-		3,059,528
Restricted										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-				6,470,293		6,470,293
Programming requirements		-		-		258,914		-		258,914
Committed Endowment fund						5 421 041				5 421 041
Retirement system contribution		_		-		5,431,041		-		5,431,041
Assigned		_		_		_		_		_
Compensated absences		1,836,339		_		_		_		1,836,339
Tax protest		-		-				-		-
Debt service		-		-		-				-
Endowment fund		-		244,226		-		-		244,226
Unassigned	_	13,674,056	_		_					13,674,056
Total fund balances		15,510,395		3,303,754		5,689,955		6,470,293		30,974,397
Total liabilities, deferred										
inflows of resources and fund										
balances	\$	17,881,577	\$	3,303,754	\$	7,090,004	\$	6,598,271	\$	34,873,606
Fund balances of governmental funds									\$	30,974,397
Amounts reported for governmental activities	es in 1	the Statement of	f Net	Position are d	ifferei	nt because:				
Capital, lease, and subscription assets us therefore, are not reported in the fund	sed in						d,			48,267,621
•										,,,
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued	l in g	overnmental fu	ınds, t	out rather is re	cogniz	red as				(2 (00)
expenditures when due Long-term and unmatured liabilities for	itam	a ayah aa aamm	oncoto	d absorbacs la	000 20	wahla				(2,608)
right-to-use liability, subscription liab		-			-	-	and			
therefore, not recorded in the governm				evenue are no	t curre	ant oongations	ana,			(13,814,757)
Deferred inflows of resources in the fun	d sta	tements related	to un	available reve	nues a	re not recogni	zed			
as revenue in the fund statements										1,934,855
Deferred outflows of resources in the go	vern	mental activitie	es rela	ted to pension	s and	not recorded				
in the fund statements										3,508,444
Net pension liability in the governmenta			pens	ions is not rec	orded	in the fund sta	nemen	ts		(15,265,731)
Net position of governmental acti	vities	;							\$	55,279,707

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds									
		eral Fund	Er	ndowment Fund	G	ifts/Grants Fund	Capital Development Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	26,438,252	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,438,252
State and federal funds		621,331		-		2,068,909		480,098		3,170,338
Charges for services		467,853		-		-		-		467,853
Investment income		654,556		194,058		511,242		-		1,359,856
Contributions		121,515		130		410,143		-		531,788
Other		90,473						<u> </u>		90,473
Total revenues	2	8,393,980		194,188		2,990,294		480,098		32,058,560
Expenditures										
Program services										
Salaries and fringe benefits	1	5,731,452		-		293,424		-		16,024,876
Library materials		2,493,231		-		694,610		-		3,187,841
General operating		3,703,709		-		836,983		-		4,540,692
Building operations and maintenance		2,891,307		-		11,597		-		2,902,904
Capital outlay		914,476		-		940,244		722,419		2,577,139
Debt service										
Right-to-use liability principal retirement		82,127		-		-		-		82,127
Right-to-use liability interest		8,312		-		-		-		8,312
Subscription liability principal retirement		282,403		-		-		-		282,403
Subscription liability interest		33,609		-		-		-		33,609
Lease purchase principal retirement		520,000		-		-		-		520,000
Lease purchase interest		31,296	_	_		-		-		31,296
Total expenditures	2	6,691,922				2,776,858		722,419		30,191,199
<b>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>		1,702,058		194,188		213,436		(242,321)		1,867,361
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers from other funds		585,051		1,269		513,540		4,068,822		5,168,682
Transfers to other funds	(	(1,999,962)		(21,744)		(1,028,154)		(2,068,822)		(5,118,682)
Leases		99,997		-		-		-		99,997
Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements		6,000		-		-		-		6,000
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,308,914)		(20,475)		(514,614)		2,000,000		155,997
Net change in fund balance		393,144		173,713		(301,178)		1,757,679	-	2,023,358
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1	5,117,251		3,130,041		5,991,133		4,712,614		28,951,039
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	15,510,395	\$	3,303,754	\$	5,689,955	\$	6,470,293	\$	30,974,397

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	2,023,358
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures;		
however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets		
are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as		
depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay and library material costs in excess of		
capitalization threshold		5,467,187
Depreciation and amortization on Right-of-Use (ROU) and SBITA		(4,689,319)
Loss on capital disposal		5,912
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not		
provide current financial resources are not reported as		
revenues in the funds:		
Change in deferred inflows of resources		956,016
Amortization of unearned rent		121,941
The issuance of debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items		
when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in		
the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on		
outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure		
is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these		
differences in the treatment of long-term debt, lease principal, subscription		
liabilities, and related items:		
Repayment of principal on financed purchase, right of use liabilities and subscription liabilities, are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the		884,530
repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		884,550
Issuance of new ROU and SBITA		(105,997)
Interest expense on long-term debt is not accrued		(103,337)
in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as		
an expenditure when due		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,		
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in unmatured compensated absences payable		195,006
Change in net pension liability		(5,454,362)
Change in pension deferred outflows/inflows		4,877,851
Change in net position of governmental activities	ø	4 202 122
Change in her position of governmental activities	\$	4,282,123

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund						
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget			
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	Over (Under)			
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 25,802,878	\$ 26,302,878	\$ 26,438,252	\$ 135,374			
State and federal funds	440,338	440,338	621,331	180,993			
Charges for services	295,860	295,860	467,853	171,993			
Investment income	76,500	576,500	654,556	78,056			
Contributions	200,000	200,000	121,515	(78,485)			
Other	160,000	160,000	90,473	(69,527)			
Total revenues	26,975,576	27,975,576	28,393,980	418,404			
Expenditures							
Current							
Program services							
Salaries and fringe benefits	16,301,848	16,301,848	15,731,452	(570,396)			
Library materials	2,294,000	2,294,000	2,493,231	199,231			
General operating	4,024,285	4,024,285	3,703,709	(320,576)			
Building operations and maintenance	3,081,455	3,081,455	2,891,307	(190,148)			
Capital outlay Debt service	800,000	800,000	914,476	114,476			
Right-to-use liability principal retirement	_	_	82,127	82,127			
Right-to-use liability interest	-	_	8,312	8,312			
Subscription liability principal retirement	-	_	282,403	282,403			
Subscription liability interest	-	-	33,609	33,609			
Principal retirement	-	_	520,000	520,000			
Interest			31,296	31,296			
Total expenditures	26,501,588	26,501,588	26,691,922	190,334			
Revenues Over Expenditures	473,988	1,473,988	1,702,058	228,070			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from other funds	592,000	592.000	E0E 0E1	2.051			
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	582,000	582,000	585,051	3,051			
Leases	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(1,999,962) 99,997	(38) 99,997			
SBITA	<u> </u>		6,000	6,000			
Total other financing sources							
and (uses)	(1,418,000)	(1,418,000)	(1,308,914)	109,010			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other	Φ (044.016)	<b></b>	Ф. 202.144	Ф 227.000			
financing uses - GAAP basis	\$ (944,012)	\$ 55,988	\$ 393,144	\$ 337,080			

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Gifts/Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Gifts/Grants Fund								
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues and Expenditures									
Total revenues	\$	3,167,000	\$	3,167,000	\$	2,990,294	\$	(176,706)	
Total expenditures		2,635,000	_	2,635,000	_	2,776,858		141,858	
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures		532,000		532,000		213,436		(318,564)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers from other funds		-		-		513,540		513,540	
Transfers to other funds		(532,000)		(532,000)		(1,028,154)		496,154	
Total other financing sources									
and (uses)		(532,000)		(532,000)		(514,614)		1,009,694	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over									
expenditures and other financing uses - GAAP basis	_\$		\$		\$	(301,178)	\$	691,130	

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund - Parking Garage			
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 497,272			
Other receivables	4,165			
Total current assets	501,437			
Capital assets				
Land, non-depreciable	2,520,000			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,316,559			
Total assets	\$ 4,337,996			
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,836,559			
Unrestricted	501,437			
Total net position	4,337,996			
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 4,337,996			

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund - Parking Garage			
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 573,363			
Total operating revenues	573,363			
Operating Expenses				
Operations and maintenance	477,528			
Depreciation	80,887			
Total operating expenses	558,415			
Operating Income	14,948			
Transfers				
Transfers to other funds	(50,000)			
Change in Net Position	(35,052)			
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,373,048			
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 4,337,996			

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund - Parking Garage		
Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 612,276		
Cash paid for goods and services	(477,528)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	134,748		
Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers to general fund	(50,000)		
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(50,000)		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	84,748		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	412,524		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 497,272		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$ 14,948		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Depreciation	80,887		
Changes in assets and liabilities	00,007		
Change in other receivables	38,913		
Total adjustments	119,800		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 134,748		

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Reporting Entity

Pursuant to enacted legislation and approval of voters, the Kansas City Public Library (the Library) was established as a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State of Missouri as of November 29, 1988. Prior to that time, the Library was accounted for as a fund of The School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the District). In accordance with the state statute creating the separate library district, the Library is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees, initially appointed by the Board of Directors of the District. Successor trustees are appointed by the mayors of the cities served by the Library. At the time of separation, the Library was entitled to levy property taxes to fund operations at the same rate in effect prior to November 29, 1988. In 2018, the voters of the Kansas City Public Library District approved an increase in the Library's levy to the current rate.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

Kansas City Library Building Corporation is governed by a three-member self-perpetuating Board of Directors initially named in the Articles of Incorporation, and otherwise, appointed by the Board of Trustees of the Library. Although it is legally separate from the Library, Kansas City Library Building Corporation is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole function is providing for the acquisition, construction, improvement, extension, repair, remodeling, renovation and financing of public library sites, buildings, structures, facilities, furnishings and equipment for the benefit or use of the Library. The activities of Kansas City Library Building Corporation are included in the accompanying financial statements as part of the Capital Development Fund. Kansas City Library Building Corporation does not have separately issued financial statements.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Kansas City Public Library Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation or KCPL Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the Library. The Foundation's primary function is to raise and hold funds for the Greater Kansas City Community Foundation (GKCCF) in its support of the Library and its programs.

Although the Library does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the Foundation's resources and related income are designated by donors for the benefit of the Library. Because these designated resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the Library, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the Library and is discretely presented in the Library's financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation provided support to the Library in the amount of \$6,584.

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. Modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the Library's financial reporting entity for these differences. The Foundation does not have separately issued financial statements.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Basis of Presentation

The Library's financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library and discretely presented component unit as a whole) and the Library's fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds).

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Library, the primary government, as a whole, including the discretely presented component unit. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities*. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each program of the governmental activities. Expenses are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Library.

The Library's net position is reported in three parts—net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance restricted activities.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Library. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The major governmental funds of the Library are described below:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in a different fund.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Endowment Fund**

The Endowment Fund is a permanent fund that accounts for assets held by the Library as a legal trustee in situations requiring that the principal be preserved intact and only the income from these assets be expended on behalf of the Library as designated by the Board of Trustees or the donor.

#### Gifts/Grants Fund

The Gifts/Grants Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the funds received from grants or donors with restrictions on the expenditure for specified purposes, excluding capital development.

### Capital Development Fund

The Capital Development Fund is a capital project fund that is designated to collect and channel assets for future capital improvement for the Library.

### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

#### Parking Garage Fund

The Parking Garage Fund is used to account for the principal operations of the parking garage. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Library gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, can include certain grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund financial statements.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, certain revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (collectible within two months of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). This includes investment earnings and certain operating grants. Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

### **Expenditure Recognition**

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource measurement focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operation of the Library's proprietary fund is the operation of the Library's parking garage which results in charges for services to both Library patrons and other customers. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Library has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

### **Budgets**

An annual budget is prepared in accordance with Missouri state statutes for estimated revenues within the General Fund, itemized by source, and for proposed expenditures for each department and branch, itemized by object and activity. Annual budgets are also adopted for total revenues and expenditures (excluding itemizations of details) of the individual Special Revenue Funds. All budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary statements and schedules presented in this report are based on GAAP, which is considered to be the budgetary basis of accounting.

On or before the 30th day of September of each year, the board of trustees adopts a final budget for the year and fixes the ad valorem property tax rates to produce the revenue required to meet the amounts contained in the budget.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The annual budget is officially adopted by a majority vote of the board of trustees in summary format for the General Fund and in total for the Special Revenue Funds. The library director has the authority to amend the budget summary by interline budget transfers of \$50,000 or less for the year. Programmatic modifications of any amount may be made by the library director as long as they have no impact on the budget summary. Budgetary amendments in excess of \$50,000 require formal approval of the board of trustees.

State statutes provide that proposed expenditures from any individual fund shall not exceed the estimated revenues to be received plus any unencumbered balance or less any deficit estimated for the beginning of the budget year.

### Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Library participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the Plan). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

State statutes authorize the Library to invest in open-time deposits; certificates of deposit; bonds of the state of Missouri, of the United States or of any wholly owned corporation of the United States; or in other short-term obligations of the United States.

In accordance with state statutes and Library policy, the Library invests its idle cash in repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities or federal agency discount notes with maturities of generally less than three months. Securities underlying a repurchase agreement must have a market value of at least 100% of the cost of the repurchase agreement. Securities underlying repurchase agreements are held as collateral at the Federal Reserve Bank.

Collateral is required by state statutes for demand deposits. The fair value of the collateral must equal 100% of deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are governed by state statute and include U.S. government and government agency bonds and securities; general obligation bonds of any of the 50 states; general obligation bonds of any Missouri county, certain cities and special districts; and revenue bonds of certain Missouri agencies. Obligations pledged to secure deposits are delivered to the Library's account at the Federal Reserve Bank.

At June 30, 2023, the balance sheet category "Deposits and Investments" consisted of demand deposits, certificates of deposit, treasury bills, money market funds and repurchase agreements. Such balances are stated at fair value, which approximates cost.

Investment income consists of interest and dividend income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the County Assessor based on the assessed valuation of taxable property as of the preceding January 1. Taxes are due and payable by November 1 following the levy date and become delinquent after December 31, after which the Library may attach a lien to all property on which taxes are unpaid. The County Collector is responsible for the collection and distribution of property taxes. For this service, the county retains 1.6% of collections. The tax levy assessed for fiscal year 2023 was \$0.5543 per \$100 of assessed valuation and supports general Library operations.

Property taxes receivable has been reported net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes totaling \$1,470,343 for levies in 2018 through 2022. All uncollected taxes related to 2017 and prior have been written off.

### Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. Capital assets are not included in the governmental fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Capital assets are defined as items such as land, buildings and equipment as well as infrastructure assets as a result of implementing GASB 34. The management of the Library has determined, however, that it has no infrastructure assets.

The Library's policy is to capitalize items that individually cost more than \$5,000, except for computer equipment and library materials, which are typically purchased in groups and are capitalized on that basis.

The Library collection assets (books, media, etc.) acquired for general governmental purposes are reported as library material expenditures in the fund that finances the asset acquisition and are capitalized in the government-wide statements at cost (or estimated historical cost). The Library follows the policy of recording Library collection retirements at the average cost per category of all remaining items prior to recording the current year additions and retirements.

Capital assets of the Library are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Useful Life In Years		
Buildings and improvements	37		
Equipment, furniture, fixtures and vehicles	7		
Library collection	7		
Computer equipment	5		

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Lease Assets

Lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

### Subscription Assets

Subscription assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liability, plus subscription payments made at or before the commencement of the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

### Capital, Lease, and Subscription Asset Impairment

The Library evaluates capital, lease, and subscription assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital or lease asset has occurred. If a capital, lease, or subscription asset is tested for impairment and the magnitude of the decline in service utility is significant and unexpected, accumulated depreciation is increased by the amount of the impairment loss.

No asset impairment was recognized during the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Library has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflow related to pensions. A deferred outflow related to pensions results from changes in the components of the net pension liability.

### Unearned Revenue

The Library reports unearned revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Library before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the Library has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Insurance

The Library is insured by private carriers for property damage, personal injury and public official liability. The Library has a blanket fidelity policy for all employees.

Judgments and claims in excess of policy limits are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. There have been no judgments or claims in excess of policy limits for the past four fiscal years. Additionally, there were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years.

The Library provides medical, dental, life, long-term disability and workers' compensation insurance coverage for employees through private insurance carriers.

### **Net Position Classifications**

As noted previously, in the government-wide statements, net position is classified and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital, lease, and subscription assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of deferred rent and any bonds, mortgages, notes, leases or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

### Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the Library's governmental funds are displayed in five components:

Nonspendable – amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by approval of the Board of Trustees. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Library taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

**Assigned** – amounts intended to be used by the Library for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

**Unassigned** – the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### **Compensated Absences**

All full-time, nonprofessional Library employees earn annual vacation leave at the rate of three weeks for one to five years of service and four weeks for more than five years of service. All full-time, professional personnel earn annual vacation leave of four weeks. Employees are subject to maximum vacation carryover of 320 hours. Earned benefits are payable upon termination or retirement.

Full-time Library employees accumulate sick leave at the rate of one day per month, floating holidays at the rate of four days per year and personal business days at the rate of 2.5 days per year. Employees vest in accumulated sick leave at a rate of 3% per year, while floating holidays and personal business days accumulate to a combined maximum of 6.5 days. Beginning July 1, 2012, all new employees are subject to maximum sick leave carryover of 900 hours. To the extent vested, sick leave benefits, unused floating holidays and personal business days are payable upon termination. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16, all employer-related costs of vacation and sick leave are accrued and recorded when earned. The estimated liability for compensated absences has been assigned by management to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and is shown as an assigned fund balance in the General Fund. The long-term liability for compensated absences has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Grants

Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenue when the related expenditures are incurred.

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Library has a deferred inflow related to pensions which resulted from changes in the components of the net pension liability.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the Library has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable. Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund balance sheet.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Inter-fund Activity

During the course of normal operations, the Library transfers funds to provide services and construct assets. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such activity as transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, any inter-fund activity between Governmental Funds has been eliminated.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, cash in demand accounts and repurchase agreements with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Adoption of New GASB Pronouncement

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Library implemented the following GASB Pronouncement:

GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96). In governmental funds, the Library now recognizes an expenditure for the current year subscription principal and interest due for subscriptions. In the government-wide statements, the Library recognizes a subscription liability and subscription asset for the present value of all future subscription payments at the commencement of the agreement of the subscription. Adoption of GASB 96 had no effect on beginning net position or fund balances as of July 1, 2022 or on previously reported change in net position or fund balances.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Note 2: Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2023, the carrying values of deposits and investments, which approximate cost, are summarized as follows:

Deposits and investments		
Deposits	\$	(274,910)
Certificates of deposits		5,765,805
Treasury bills		2,975,288
Repurchase agreement		18,837,000
GKCCF pooled investments		5,431,041
Total	Φ.	22 = 24 22 4
Total		32,734,224

The carrying value of deposits and investments are included in the financial statements as follows:

Primary government	
Deposits and investments	\$ 22,133,104
Restricted deposits and investments	10,601,120
Total	\$ 32,734,224

#### Credit Risk

The credit risk for investments is the possibility that the issuer/counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. Presented below is the actual rating by Moody's Investor Service as of year-end for each investment type:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating as of June 30, 2023
Repurchase agreement	\$ 18,837,000	Aaa
Treasury bills	2,975,288	AA+
	\$ 21,812,288	

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Library will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Library will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The Library's policy is to collateralize the demand deposits and repurchase agreements with securities held by the financial institution's agent and in the Library's name. Because security investments were held by the financial institution and in the Library's name, none of the Library's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2023.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Library's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Library has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2023, the Library had the following investments and original maturities:

			t Maturities ears)
Investment Type	Total Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 5
Repurchase agreement	\$ 18,837,000	\$ 18,837,000	\$ -
Treasury bills	2,975,288	2,975,288	-
Certificate of deposits	5,765,805	983,000	4,782,805
Total	\$ 27,578,093	\$ 22,795,288	\$ 4,782,805

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2023, investments subject to credit risk categorization, in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total Library's investments, are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Total Fair Value
GKCCF Pooled Investments UMB Bank, n.a.	External investment pool Repurchase Agreement	\$ 5,431,041 18,837,000
Total		\$ 24,268,041

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Investment Income

Investment income for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of:

Interest and dividend income	\$ 1,444,516
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(84,660)
	\$ 1,359,856

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

### Note 3: Capital, Lease, and Subscription Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

		Beginning Balances	lı	ncreases	D	ecreases		Ending Balances
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	3,529,876	\$	92,747	\$	-	\$	3,622,623
Artwork		338,209		-		-		338,209
Construction in progress		16,500		1,584,012		16,500		1,584,012
Total capital assets,								
not being depreciated		3,884,585		1,676,759		16,500		5,544,844
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		55,222,759		501,694		_		55,724,453
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		14,198,595		335,769		73,184		14,461,180
Library collection		12,201,176		2,969,465		2,054,431		13,116,210
Vehicles		388,498		· · ·		39,497		349,001
Leasehold improvements		1,213,300		-		· =		1,213,300
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated		83,224,328		3,806,928		2,167,112		84,864,144
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		22,224,330		1,467,553		_		23,691,883
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		12,712,425		570,666		70,531		13,212,560
Library collection		5,653,495		2,237,664		2,054,431		5,836,728
Vehicles		143,883		42,043		39,498		146,428
Leasehold improvements		629,018		31,214		55,156		660,232
Total accumulated depreciation		41,363,151		4,349,140		2,164,460		43,547,831
Total capital assets being		11,303,131		1,5 15,1 10		2,101,100		13,317,031
depreciated, net		41,861,177		(542,212)		2,652		41,316,313
Governmental activities		11,001,177		(0.2,212)		2,002		.1,010,010
	¢	15 715 760	¢	1 124 547	ø	10.152	¢	46 961 157
capital assets, net	\$	45,745,762	\$	1,134,547	\$	19,152	3	46,861,157
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								• •••
Land	\$	2,520,000	\$	-	\$		\$	2,520,000
Total capital assets,		2 520 000						2 520 000
not being depreciated		2,520,000				-		2,520,000
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		2,215,142		-		-		2,215,142
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		257,317				_		257,317
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated		2,472,459		-		_		2,472,459
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		868,096		59,869		_		927,965
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		206,917		21,018		_		227,935
Total accumulated depreciation		1,075,013		80,887				1,155,900
Total capital assets being		1,073,013		00,007				1,133,700
depreciated, net		1,397,446		(80,887)		_		1,316,559
	-	1,001,110		(50,557)				1,010,007
Business-type activities	¢	2 017 446	¢.	(90,997)	¢		¢	2 926 550
capital assets, net	\$	3,917,446	\$	(80,887)	\$		\$	3,836,559

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

A summary of changes in lease assets is as follows:

Governmental Activities	eginning alances	In	creases	Decr	eases	Ending alances
Lease assets						
Buildings	\$ 319,982	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 319,982
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	7,863		99,997		-	107,860
Total lease assets	327,845		99,997			427,842
Less accumulated amortization for						
Buildings	66,013		67,128		-	133,141
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,145		13,145		-	16,290
Total accumulated amortization	69,158		80,273		-	149,431
Total lease assets, net	\$ 258,687	\$	19,724	\$		\$ 278,411

A summary of changes in subscription assets is as follows:

Governmental Activities	E	eginning Balances Restated)	lr	ncreases	Decre	ases	Ending Balances
Subscription assets							
Subscription IT asset	\$	1,422,629	\$	6,000	\$		\$ 1,428,629
Total subscription assets		1,422,629		6,000			1,428,629
Less accumulated amortization for							
Subscription IT asset				300,576		_	300,576
Total accumulated amortization		-		300,576		-	300,576
Total subscription assets, net	\$	1,422,629	\$	(294,576)	\$	-	\$ 1,128,053

#### Note 4: Employee Retirement Plan

#### General

The Library participates in the Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri (the Retirement System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The Retirement System is a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees of the District and the Library. All full-time permanent employees become members of the Retirement System as a condition of their employment. The Public School Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to: Public School Retirement System, 324 East 11th Street, Suite 100, Kansas City, Missouri 64106, calling 816.472.5800 or by visiting their website at www.kcprs.org.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The Retirement System was established by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri. The Board of Trustees of the Retirement System administer and operate the Plan in accordance with the statutes of the State of Missouri. The Retirement System has three plans in which its members participate: Plan A for members hired before 1961, Plan B for members hired after 1961 and Plan C for members hired on or after January 1, 2014. All current Library employees are members of Plans B and C. Certain significant provisions of Plans B and C are described below.

#### Pension Benefits

Plan B and Plan C members, who attain a total of at least 75 and 80 credits, are entitled to the annual service retirement allowance, equal to 2% and 1.75% (1.75% if before June 30, 1999), respectively, of the average final compensation multiplied by years of creditable service, subject to a maximum of 60% of average final compensation. One credit is equal to each year of creditable service and each year of age with both years of creditable service and years of age prorated for fractional years. A year of creditable service is defined as a minimum of 25 hours per week for nine calendar months.

Early retirement is permitted and members may retire under the age of 50 with 30 years of service; however, benefits are actuarially reduced by each month of retirement before age 60 and 62 for Plan B and Plan C members, respectively. If members terminate before rendering five years of service or take a lump-sum distribution, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to the employer's contribution. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions plus interest as a lump-sum distribution upon retirement or termination or they may elect to receive their accumulated plan benefits in various optional forms of annuities payable monthly from retirement.

Missouri state legislation, effective October 1981, provided for an increase in monthly benefits to retirees age 75 or older who have been retired for at least five years. Annually, the Board of Trustees of the Retirement System shall determine if the investment return, as determined by the actuary, is sufficient to permit a benefit increase.

#### Pension Benefit Adjustments

The Board of Trustees shall determine annually whether or not the Retirement System can provide an increase in benefits for those retirees who, as of January 1 preceding the date of such increase, have been retired at least one year. Any increase also applies to optional retirement allowances paid to a retiree's beneficiary. Before any increases are made, the following requirements must be satisfied:

- 1. The Retirement System funded ratio as of January 1 of the preceding year of the proposed increase must be at least 100% after adjusting for the effect of the proposed increase. The funded ratio is the ratio of assets to the pension benefit obligation.
- 2. The actuarially required contribution rate, after adjusting for the effect of the proposed increase, may not exceed the statutory contribution rate.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

3. The actuary must certify that the proposed increase will not impair the actuarial soundness of the Retirement System.

In accordance with the Benefit Increase Adjustment Policy, if an increase is permissible, the amount of the increase will be equal to the lessor of 3% or the percentage increase in the CPI for the preceding year.

#### Death and Disability Benefits

If an active member dies after becoming eligible for retirement, the designated beneficiary may elect to receive a certain portion of the member's service retirement allowance. Active members with five or more years of service who become totally disabled receive a disability retirement allowance equal to the service retirement allowance they have normally accumulated at the time they become disabled, but not less than the minimum disability retirement allowance. The minimum disability retirement allowance shall be the lesser of:

- 1. 25% of the member's average final compensation; or
- 2. The member's service retirement benefits.

#### Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The Missouri Revised Statues 169.350.4 and 169.291.16 specify that for calendar year 2014 and each subsequent year, the employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate shall be the same percentage of compensation, each not less than 7.5% of compensation and not more than 9% of compensation. Within this permitted range, the rate may be changed (increased or decreased) in increments of 0.5% each year. The objective is that the combined employee and employer contribution will be the amount actuarially required to cover the normal cost and amortize the unfunded accrued actuarial liability over a period that does not exceed 30 years from the date of the valuation. The rate for each calendar year shall be certified by the Board of Trustees to the employers at least six months prior to the date such rate is to be effective.

Effective January 1, 2019, the Library, along with members in Plans B and C, were required to contribute 10.5% of earnable annual compensation. Effective January 1, 2020, the contribution rate increased to 12.0%. The Library's contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$1,218,159.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Library reported a liability of \$15,265,731 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Library's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31,

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

2022, the Library's proportion was 4.12%, which was an increase of 0.16% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Library recognized pension expense of \$1,822,871. At June 30, 2023, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferr Outflow Resour	s of	ln	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	322,514		
Changes of assumptions	120	,717		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earning on						
pension plan investments	2,336	,560		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between the						
Library's contributions and proportionate share of						
contributions	436	,422		-		
Library's contributions subsequent to the measurement						
date *	614	,745				
Total	\$ 3,508	,444	\$	322,514		

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### **Year Ending June 30:**

2024 2025	\$	113,934 633,902
2026 2027		702,440 1,120,909
	\$	2,571,185

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Price/Wage Inflation 2.25% - 2.85%

Salary increases 3.85% - 9.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Members (Below Median) Employee Mortality Table with a one-year age setback for males and a one-year age set-forward for females, projected for 15 years and 7 years from the valuation date for pre-retirement and post-retirement participants, respectively, using Scale MP-2021. Mortality rates for disabled participants was based on the Pub-2010 Disabled Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2015 through 2019. There were several changes to the pension actuarial assumptions and methods as a result of the new actuarial experience study. The changes are outlined below:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.25%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee account balances was lowered from 3.25% to 2.50%.
- The general wage increase assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.85%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.85%.
- An explicit administrative expense load assumption based on actual prior year expenses is included in the Actuarial Determined Contribution.
- The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 General Members (Below Median) Mortality Tables, with a one-year age setback for males and a one-year age setforward for females. Mortality improvements are projected 7 years from the valuation date for retirees and beneficiaries and 15 years for actives, using Scale MP-2019.
- Retirement rates were modified to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were changed to partially reflect observed experience.
- The salary scale was changed from 5.00% to all ages to service-based rates.
- The disability assumption was eliminated.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Tanak Allaaskan	Long-Term Expected
l arget Allocation	Real Rate of Return
22.50%	20.20%
13.50%	4.70%
12.00%	7.10%
12.00%	20.60%
10.00%	9.00%
10.00%	1.20%
7.50%	10.40%
5.00%	3.30%
5.00%	1.20%
2.50%	3.70%
100.00%	_
	13.50% 12.00% 12.00% 10.00% 10.00% 7.50% 5.00% 5.00% 2.50%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% for the year ended December 31, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that participating employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Retirement Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

## Sensitivity of the Library's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 7.25%. The following presents the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate 1% higher (8.25%) and 1% lower (6.25%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1% Decrease (6.25%)			scount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	
Library's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	19,402,446	\$	15,265,731	\$	11,769,921

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial report.

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the Library reported a payable of \$48,351 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

#### **Note 5: Deferred Compensation Plan**

The Library offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 403(b). These plans, available to all Library employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Library makes no contributions to the plans and reserves the right to amend, cancel or augment the plans. Employee contributions for all plans were \$160,693 for the year ended June 30, 2023. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, including income attributed to such amounts, are placed in a trust which is not the property of the Library. Therefore, assets and liabilities related to the deferred compensation plan are not included in the basic financial statements.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Note 6: Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance June 30, 2022 (Restated)			Additions	itions Reductions			Balance ne 30, 2023	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Long-term debt										
Financed lease purchase	\$	1,630,000	\$	-	\$	520,000	\$	1,110,000	\$	535,000
Total long-term debt		1,630,000		-		520,000		1,110,000		535,000
Other long-term liabilities										
Compensated absences *		2,030,736		1,036,258		1,230,655		1,836,339		1,126,754
Retirement system contribution payable *		5,126		48,351		5,126		48,351		48,351
Right-to-use liabilities		264,491		99,997		82,127		282,361		100,860
Subscription liabilities		1,422,629		6,000		282,403		1,146,226		301,863
Net pension liability		9,811,369		5,454,362		-		15,265,731		-
Total other long-term liabilities		13,534,351	_	6,644,968		1,600,311		18,579,008		1,577,828
Total long-term obligations	\$	15,164,351	\$	6,644,968	\$	2,120,311	\$	19,689,008	\$	2,112,828

<sup>\*</sup>Compensated absences and retirement system liabilities are traditionally liquidated in the General Fund.

#### Lease Purchase Agreement

The lease purchase agreement with Clayton Holdings, LLC was entered into during 2016 in the original amount of \$4,480,000 dated November 22, 2016, and bears interest at 1.920%. The lease purchase payments are payable in semi-annual installments through June 1, 2026. The lease purchase payments are secured by certain personal property, fixtures and leasehold improvements of the Central branch library building and annex building.

The debt service requirements as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending	Total to	Deineinel	Intovoct		
June 30,	be Paid	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$ 556,312	\$ 535,000	\$ 21,312		
2025	556,040	545,000	11,040		
2026	30,576	30,000	576		
	\$ 1,142,928	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 32,928		

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Note 7: Lease Liabilities

The Library leases equipment and building space, the terms of which expire in various years throughout 2027. Variable payments based upon the use of an underlying asset are not included in the lease liability because they are not fixed in substance. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Library did not recognize any variable lease payments.

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the leases as of June 30, 2023:

Fiscal Year Ending	To	tal to Be					
June 30,	Paid			rincipal	Interest		
2024	\$	107,987	\$	100,860	\$	7,12	
2025		88,413		84,115		4,298	
2026		71,951		70,115		1,836	
2027		27,510		27,271		239	
Total	\$	295,861	\$	282,361	\$	13,500	

#### Note 8: Subscription Liabilities

The Library has various subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), the terms of which expire in various years through 2027. Variable payments based upon the use of an underlying asset are not included in the subscription liability because they are not fixed in substance.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Library did not recognize any variable lease payments.

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the SBITAs as of June 30, 2023:

Fiscal Year Ending	То	tal to Be					
June 30,	Paid			Principal	Interest		
2024	\$	327,917	\$	301,863	\$	26,054	
2025		282,897		264,849		18,048	
2026		290,862		281,210		9,652	
2027		299,050		298,304		746	
Total	\$	1,200,726	\$	1,146,226	\$	54,500	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

#### Note 9: Plaza Colonnade Facility Agreement

#### Plaza Facility

In March 1999, the Library entered into a development agreement with Plaza Colonnade, LLC for the construction of a library in exchange for the development rights and a 99-year leasehold estate for the remainder of the site located at 4801 Main, Kansas City, Missouri. The previous Library facility at this site has been demolished. An amendment in 2004 terminated the developer's obligation to finish the Plaza library facility in exchange for a \$2,500,000 payment to the Library. The value of the building along with the payment received in consideration to enter the agreement was recognized as deferred rental revenue on the balance sheets at the time of occupancy.

The developer has built a multi-floor project on the site, which is rented by the developer to other tenants. The Library paid the common area maintenance costs of \$85,000 per year from January 2005 to December 2007 for the new building as required by the latest amendment. Such costs are scheduled to increase 3% each year for the remaining term of the lease from 2008 to 2100, as set forth in the amendment. At the end of the developer's leasehold estate, the land and all improvements will revert to the Library.

In 2004, the development agreement was amended, which terminated the developer's obligation to furnish certain tenant finish improvements to the Plaza Library facility in exchange for a cash payment of \$2,500,000, which was recognized as a contribution in the fund financial statement in 2005. This payment, along with the value of the cost of construction attributable to the Library's share of the building, which approximated \$9,115,000, was recorded as a contributed capital asset on the government-wide statements. The total value contributed was recorded as deferred rental revenue to recognize the total value of the assets contributed to the Library as an incentive to enter into the original ground lease with the developer. The capital asset for the Library facility is being depreciated over its expected useful life on a straight-line basis in accordance with the Library's depreciation policies. In addition, the deferred rent is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the 99-year term of the ground lease. The Library recognized \$121,941 of deferred rental revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023, in the government-wide statement of activities. The deferred rental revenue outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$9,389,481.

The value of any donations from third parties, with respect to any of the above-mentioned facilities, whether in cash or in-kind, as well as any related assets or obligations, were recorded on the Library's books of account when the underlying events occurred that resulted in a benefit to the Library.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Under current agreement, the common area maintenance costs will be as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	Amount	June 30,	Amount
2024	\$ 138,447	2054-2058	\$ 1,784,107
2025	142,600	2059-2063	2,068,271
2026	146,878	2064-2068	2,397,699
2027	151,284	2069-2073	2,779,592
2028	155,823	2074-2078	3,222,309
2029-2033	852,104	2079-2083	3,735,533
2034-2038	987,818	2084-2088	4,330,501
2039-2043	1,145,150	2089-2093	5,020,237
2044-2048	1,327,543	2094-2098	5,819,833
2049-2053	1,538,985	2099-2101	3,243,826
		Total	\$ 40,988,540

Total common area maintenance expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$134,414.

#### Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Commitments**

There were no outstanding commitments/encumbrances on uncompleted construction contracts at June 30, 2023.

#### **Contingencies**

The Library receives federal and state financial assistance in the form of grants. Entitlement to these resources generally is contingent upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal and/or state regulations, including the expenditures of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by grantors. Any disallowance as a result of these audits becomes a liability of the Library. Based on prior experience, the Library expects such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The Library is a party to certain claims as a result of various matters and complaints arising in the ordinary course of Library activities. The Library's management believes the potential claims against the Library, if any, resulting from such matters would not have a material effect on the financial position of the Library.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

As a result of the spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, the changes in the financial position and cash flows of the Library. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonable estimated at this time.

#### Note 11: Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers made in the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Transfers To												
						Capital								
	(	<b>General</b>	End	lowment	De	velopment	Gif	ts/Grants	Pr	oprietary				
Transfers From		Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund			Total		
General	\$	(38)	\$	_	\$	2,000,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,999,962		
Endowment		3,089		1,269		_		17,386		-		21,744		
Capital development		-		-		2,068,822		-		-		2,068,822		
Gifts/Grants Fund		532,000		-		-		496,154		-		1,028,154		
Proprietary		50,000										50,000		
Total	\$	585,051	\$	1,269	\$	4,068,822	\$	513,540	\$		\$	5,168,682		

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Transfers from/to other funds consisted of the following:

General Fund to Capital Development Fund for capital expenditures	\$ 2,000,000
General Fund to General Fund for project allocation	(38)
Endowment Fund to General Fund for operating activities	3,089
Endowment Fund to Endowment Fund for project allocation	1,269
Endowment Fund to Gifts/Grants Fund for operating activities	17,386
Capital Development Fund to Capital Development Fund for projection allocation	2,068,822
Gifts/Grants Fund to General Fund for operating activities	532,000
Gifts/Grants Fund to Gifts/Grants Fund for project allocation	496,154
Proprietary Fund to General Fund for operating activities	 50,000
	\$ 5,168,682

#### Note 12: Donor Endowments

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Endowment Fund experienced \$194,188 of contributions and net appreciation on assets. The amount of net appreciation available for expenditure was \$192,848 at June 30, 2023, and is included in assigned to the endowment fund on the balance sheet. The Library's governing body has interpreted the *State of Missouri Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* as requiring preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. It is the policy of management not to allocate interest earnings on endowments for expenditures until the endowment reaches a balance of \$1,000.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### Note 13: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Library has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

- Repurchase agreement of \$18,837,000 is valued using observable inputs (Level 2 inputs)
- Pooled investments held at the Greater Kansas City Community Foundation (GKCCF) of \$5,431,041 are valued using quoted prices for similar assets, quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets (Level 2 inputs)
- Certificates of deposits and treasury bills of \$5,765,805 and \$2,975,288, respectively, are valued using observable inputs (Level 2 inputs)

#### Note 14: Tax Abatements

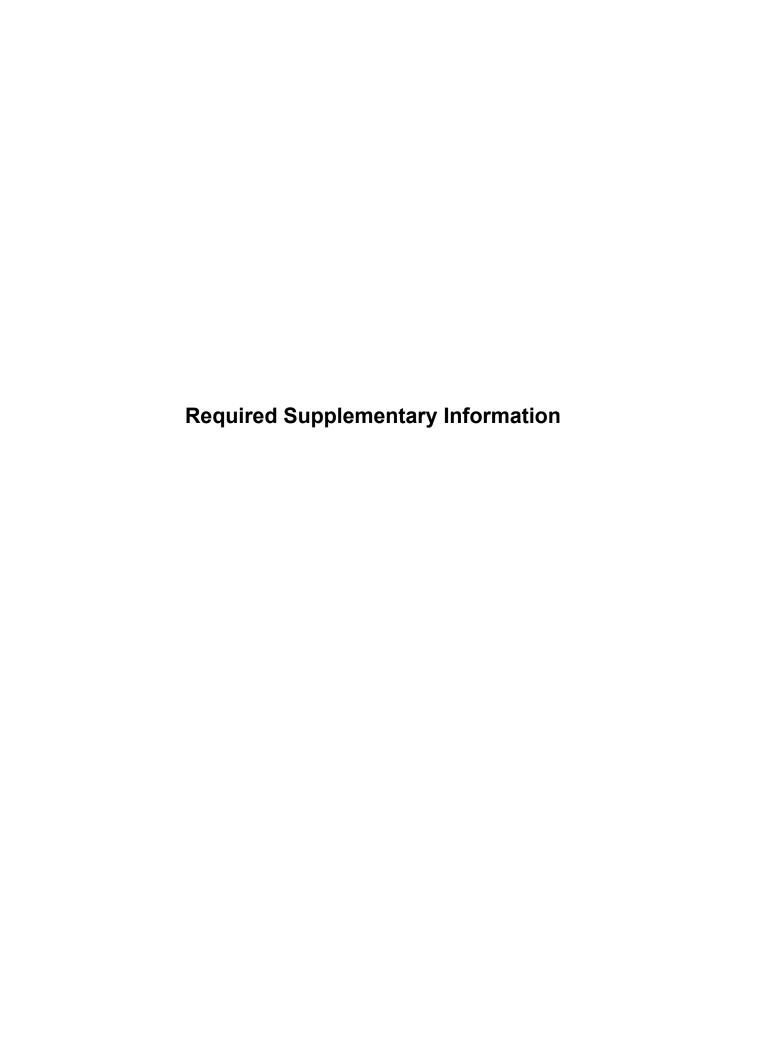
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Library's property tax revenue was reduced through abatements and diversions through various incentive granting agencies and entities with an impact to the Library totaling an estimated \$4,290,012, under the following programs:

Tax Abatement Program	Ta: d	Amount of axes Abated during the Fiscal Year		
Tax Increment Financing	\$	1,255,335		
Chapter 353 and PIEA Abatement		2,090,769		
Chapter 100 Bonds		356,799		
LCRA		392,129		
EEZ		87,994		
PortKC		106,986		
	\$	4,290,012		

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The Library is subject to tax abatements and diversions granted or entered into by other governmental entities through various incentive granting agencies and entities as outlined below:

- Tax Increment Financing Grants tax diversion to promote new investment, infrastructure improvements and job growth by providing financial assistance and incentive to redevelopers. Created pursuant to Section 99.800 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (RSMo) and City Ordinance 54556.
- Planned Industrial Expansion Authority (PIEA) Grants abatements in the urban core to cure blight and promote quality high density redevelopment. Created pursuant to Sections 100.300 to 100.620 RSMo and City Ordinance 34677.
- Chapter 353 Tax Abatement Grants tax abatement to encourage investment and assist in the removal of blight and blighting conditions within urban redevelopment areas. Created pursuant to Sections 353.010 to 353.190 RSMo and City Ordinance 140306.
- Land Clearance for Redevelopment Authority (LCRA) Grants abatement to encourage investment and assist in the removal of blight and blighting conditions with urban renewal areas. Created pursuant to Sections 99.300 to 99.715 RSMo and City Ordinance 16120.
- Chapter 100 Bonds The City of Kansas City can issue taxable bonds to assist with the construction or rehabilitation of eligible commercial facilities. The City takes formal ownerships of the business assets and, therefore, provides property (real and personal) abatement for up to 10 years. Created pursuant to Sections 100.010 to 100.200 RSMo.
- Port Authority of Kansas City Missouri (PortKC) Reduces taxes to enhance economic vitality as a redevelopment authority through transportation, trade and commerce and riverfront development. Created pursuant to Section 68 RSMo and City Ordinance 47523.
- Enhance Enterprise Zone (EEZ) Grants property tax abatement to encourage job creation and investment by providing tax credits and property tax abatement to new or expanding businesses located in an EEZ. Created pursuant to Sections 135.950 to 135.973 RSMo and City Ordinances 051411, 051412 and 051413.



## Schedule of the Library's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)

### Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Library's proportion of the net pension liability	4.12%	3.95%	3.89%	3.68%	3.71%	3.80%	3.90%	4.06%	4.15%	4.15%
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,265,731	\$ 9,811,369	\$ 12,015,176	\$ 12,225,546	\$ 14,832,428	\$ 11,549,568	\$ 10,506,074	\$ 10,591,170	\$ 7,508,920	\$ 7,508,920
Library's covered payroll	10,151,325	8,934,639	8,400,025	7,550,514	7,146,779	7,131,259	7,086,760	6,772,602	6,896,195	6,896,195
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	150.38%	109.81%	143.04%	161.92%	207.54%	161.96%	148.25%	156.38%	108.88%	108.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.06%	75.19%	69.20%	66.61%	60.10%	69.31%	70.09%	70.93%	79.44%	79.44%

**Note to Schedule:** This schedule is intended to show a ten-year trend.

# Schedule of Library Contributions (Unaudited) Public School Retirement System of the School District of Kansas City, Missouri Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,218,159	\$ 1,072,383	\$ 1,020,599	\$ 784,734	\$ 647,906	\$ 641,867	\$ 636,430	\$ 587,212	\$ 550,376
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,218,159	1,072,383	1,020,599	784,734	647,906	641,867	636,430	587,212	550,376
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,032,074	\$ 8,898,068	\$ 8,505,534	\$ 7,550,514	\$ 7,146,779	\$ 7,131,259	\$ 7,086,760	\$ 6,772,602	\$ 6,896,195
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.14%	12.05%	12.00%	10.39%	9.07%	9.00%	8.98%	8.67%	7.98%

**Note to Schedule:** This schedule is intended to show a ten-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit and funding terms:** The following changes to the plan provisions were reflected in the valuation performed as of January 1 listed below:

2022: None

2021: None

2020: None

2019: None

2018: The 2018 Missouri General Assembly passed a bill which changed the System's contribution policy beginning January 1, 2019 with respect to employers covered by the System. In accordance with the new legislation, the employer contribution rate will increase by 10.50% of pay effective January 1, 2019 and 12.00% of pay effective January 1, 2020. Beginning July 1, 2021, the employer contribution rate will be the greater of (1) the actuarial required contribution rate, as determined in the valuation prepared for the prior calendar year, less the member contribution rate, or (2) 12.00% of pay, until the System is fully funded. Once the System is fully funded, the employer contribution rate may increase or decrease in subsequent years, depending on valuation results and the employer contribution rate may decrease from 9.00% depending on valuation results. However, such changes are subject to statutory limitations.

2017: None

2016: New early retirement factors were adopted by the Board in June 2015 to update the factors to reflect the current actuarial assumptions.

2015: The Board increased the contribution rate for both members and employees from 8.5% of pay to 9.0% of pay, effective January 1, 2016.

2014: Under legislation passed in 2013, the Board may adjust the member and employer contribution rate each year by no more than 0.50% each. The contribution rate can fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.0%. The Board increased the contribution rate for both members and employers to 8.5% of pay, effective January 1, 2015 and 9.0% of pay, effective January 1, 2016.

In addition, legislation in 2013 created a new set of plan provisions for members hired after December 31, 2013, referred to as Plan C. The key differences between Plan B and Plan C are a lower benefit multiplier (1.75% instead of 2.00%) and different requirements for unreduced benefits (age 62 or Rule of 80 rather than age 60 or Rule of 75). These changes are effective for those hired on or after January 1, 2014.

#### Changes in actuarial assumptions:

January 1, 2021: None

January 1, 2020:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.25%.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

- The assumed interest rate credited on employee account balances was lowered from 3.25% to 2.50%.
- The general wage increase assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.85%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.85%.
- An explicit administrative expense load assumption based on actual prior year expenses is included in the Actuarial Determined Contribution.
- The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 General Members (Below Median) Mortality Tables, with a one-year age setback for males and a one-year age set-forward for females. Mortality improvements are projected 7 year from the valuation date for retirees and beneficiaries and 15 years for actives, using Scale MP-2019.
- Retirement rates were modified to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were changed to partially reflect observed experience.
- The salary scale was changed from 5.00% to all ages to service-based rates.
- The disability assumption was eliminated.

January 1, 2019: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.

January 1, 2018: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.

#### January 1, 2017:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- The inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The assumed interest rate credited on employee account balances was lowered from 5.00% to 3.25%.
- The general wage increase assumption was set at 3.50%.
- The payroll growth assumption was set at 3.00%.
- The mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table, with a one-year age setback for females, no adjustment for males. Mortality improvements are projected 7 years from the valuation date for retirees and beneficiaries and 15 years for actives, using Scale MP-2016.
- Retirement rates were modified to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were changed to be pure service-based rates.
- Disability rate was reduced by 50%.
- The amortization of the UAAL was changed to a "layered" approach with new pieces of UAAL amortized over a closed 20-year period beginning on the valuation date. The UAAL as of January 1, 2017, is being amortized over a closed 30-year period. Amortization payments are determined under the level percentage of payroll method.

January 1, 2015: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.

January 1, 2014: Non-disabled mortality tables were updated to reflect an additional year of mortality improvements.



#### Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 36,245,586	\$ 35,479,577	\$ 35,354,440	\$ 34,766,845	\$ 34,271,827	\$ 33,614,592	\$ 34,559,498	\$ 35,809,234	\$ 34,604,340	\$ 36,238,853
Restricted	5,148,320	6,016,920	5,668,509	6,103,315	5,652,573	5,438,140	5,993,888	5,930,375	8,185,395	9,788,735
Unrestricted	9,248,177	3,474,332	1,740,467	1,714,902	1,448,610	166,733	3,947,885	5,942,494	8,207,849	9,252,119
Total governmental										
activities net position	\$ 50,642,083	\$ 44,970,829	\$ 42,763,416	\$ 42,585,062	\$ 41,373,010	\$ 39,219,465	\$ 44,501,271	\$ 47,682,103	\$ 50,997,584	\$ 55,279,707
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,384,274	\$ 4,316,501	\$ 4,267,311	\$ 4,265,238	\$ 4,255,556	\$ 4,169,701	\$ 4,083,847	\$ 3,999,762	\$ 3,917,446	\$ 3,836,559
Unrestricted	320,549	300,385	394,346	447,765	417,951	440,590	305,273	281,507	455,602	501,437
Total business-type										
activities net position	\$ 4,704,823	\$ 4,616,886	\$ 4,661,657	\$ 4,713,003	\$ 4,673,507	\$ 4,610,291	\$ 4,389,120	\$ 4,281,269	\$ 4,373,048	\$ 4,337,996
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 40,629,860	\$ 39,796,078	\$ 39,621,751	\$ 39,032,083	\$ 38,527,383	\$ 37,784,293	\$ 38,643,345	\$ 39,808,996	\$ 38,521,786	\$ 40,075,412
Restricted	5,148,320	6,016,920	5,668,509	6,103,315	5,652,573	5,438,140	5,993,888	5,930,375	8,185,395	9,788,735
Unrestricted	9,568,726	3,774,717	2,134,813	2,162,667	1,866,561	607,323	4,253,158	6,224,001	8,663,451	9,753,556
Total primary government										
net position	\$ 55,346,906	\$ 49,587,715	\$ 47,425,073	\$ 47,298,065	\$ 46,046,517	\$ 43,829,756	\$ 48,890,391	\$ 51,963,372	\$ 55,370,632	\$ 59,617,703

Note:

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Library adopted GASB 68 and 65, respectively. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Library adopted GASB 96 and 87, respectively.

Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 68, 75, 87 and 96.

# Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021	2022		2023
Expenses																	
Governmental activities	\$	20,326,059	\$	20,270,897	\$	21,517,578	\$	21,705,480	\$	22,305,094	\$	25,360,270	\$ 24,630,850	\$ 23,789,452	\$ 25,424,418	\$	28,904,394
Business-type activities		350,670		395,028		370,624		385,673		441,230		471,933	680,698	382,176	421,237		558,415
Total primary government expenses		20,676,729		20,665,925		21,888,202	_	22,091,153		22,746,324		25,832,203	 25,311,548	 24,171,628	 25,845,655		29,462,809
Program revenues																	
Governmental activities																	
Charges for services		708,833		709,862		676,389		759,345		810,666		837,037	588,224	241,889	384,858		467,853
Operating grants and contributions		1,899,180		3,293,911		1,819,461		2,716,395		1,319,311		2,488,204	3,733,306	1,961,611	2,451,254		3,967,679
Capital grants and contributions		40,500		17,500		102,997		27,467		358,200		_	451,000	475,000	800,000		480,098
Total governmental activities program revenues		2,648,513		4,021,273		2,598,847	_	3,503,207		2,488,177	_	3,325,241	4,772,530	2,678,500	3,636,112		4,915,630
Business-type activities																	
Charges for services		385,898		382,091		549,124	_	302,019		556,734		573,717	 624,527	 331,825	 513,016		573,363
Total business-type activities program revenues		385,898		382,091		549,124		302,019		556,734		573,717	624,527	331,825	513,016		573,363
Total primary government program revenue		3,034,411		4,403,364		3,147,971	_	3,805,226		3,044,911	_	3,898,958	 5,397,057	 3,010,325	 4,149,128		5,488,993
Net revenues (expenses)																	
Governmental activities		(17,677,546)		(16,249,624)		(18,918,731)		(18,202,273)		(19,816,917)		(22,035,029)	(19,858,320)	(21,110,952)	(21,788,306)		(23,988,764)
Business-type activities		35,228		(12,937)		178,500		(83,654)		115,504		101,784	 (56,171)	(50,351)	91,779		14,948
Total net revenues (expenses)		(17,642,318)		(16,262,561)		(18,740,231)		(18,285,927)		(19,701,413)	_	(21,933,245)	(19,914,491)	(21,161,303)	(21,696,527)	_	(23,973,816)

Note: During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Library adopted GASB 68 and 65, respectively. Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 68 or 65.

(Continued)

# Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
General revenues and other changes in net position											
Governmental activities											
Property taxes	\$ 16,002,644	\$ 16,639,889	\$ 16,381,863	\$ 17,563,007	\$ 18,002,841	\$ 19,153,517	\$ 24,501,488	\$ 23,218,393	\$ 25,613,331	\$ 26,770,558	
Investment income (loss)	97,440	99,889	89,888	145,346	298,132	480,374	413,067	866,110	(543,829)	1,359,856	
Transfers	100,000	75,000	145,000	165,000	165,000	165,000	165,000	57,500	-	50,000	
Other general revenues	6,915	44,565	94,567	150,566	138,892	82,593	60,571	149,781	34,285	90,473	
Total governmental activities	16,206,999	16,859,343	16,711,318	18,023,919	18,604,865	19,881,484	25,140,126	24,291,784	25,103,787	28,270,887	
Business-type activities											
Transfers	(100,000)	(75,000)	(145,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(57,500)	-	(50,000)	
Capital contributions			11,271								
Total business-type activities	(100,000)	(75,000)	(133,729)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(57,500)		(50,000)	
Total primary government	16,106,999	16,784,343	16,577,589	17,858,919	18,439,865	19,716,484	24,975,126	24,234,284	25,103,787	28,220,887	
Changes in net position											
Governmental activities	(1,470,547)	609,719	(2,207,413)	(178,354)	(1,212,052)	(2,153,545)	5,281,806	3,180,832	3,315,481	4,282,123	
Business-type activities	(64,772)	(87,937)	44,771	(248,654)	(49,496)	(63,216)	(221,171)	(107,851)	91,779	(35,052)	
Total primary government	\$ (1,535,319)	\$ 521,782	\$ (2,162,642)	\$ (427,008)	\$ (1,261,548)	\$ (2,216,761)	\$ 5,060,635	\$ 3,072,981	\$ 3,407,260	\$ 4,247,071	

Note: During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Library adopted GASB 68 and 65, respectively. Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 68 or 65.

## Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
General fund												
Committed	\$ 277,102	\$ 288,503	\$ 322,713	\$ 320,335	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Assigned	2,115,251	2,145,753	1,921,093	1,784,418	1,608,809	1,272,251	1,669,290	1,758,496	2,030,729	1,836,339		
Unassigned	8,117,349	8,280,991	7,964,349	8,394,443	9,028,597	9,404,964	11,300,296	11,943,689	13,086,645	13,674,056		
Total general fund	\$ 10,509,702	\$ 10,715,247	\$ 10,208,155	\$ 10,499,196	\$ 10,637,406	\$ 10,677,215	\$ 12,969,586	\$ 13,702,185	\$ 15,117,374	\$ 15,510,395		
All other governmental funds												
Nonspendable												
Endowment fund principal	\$ 2,708,685	\$ 3,058,323	\$ 3,058,633	\$ 3,058,743	\$ 3,058,873	\$ 3,059,003	\$ 3,059,133	\$ 3,059,263	\$ 3,059,398	\$ 3,059,528		
Restricted												
Debt service	644,180	644,186	644,196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital improvements	401,551	901,551	852,690	1,528,289	1,301,551	1,153,724	1,745,139	1,612,964	4,712,614	6,470,293		
Programming requirements	1,393,904	1,412,860	1,112,990	2,539,785	1,292,149	1,225,413	1,189,616	1,258,148	413,383	258,914		
Committed												
Endowment fund	-	-	-	-	1,091,522	2,132,415	3,157,080	3,911,752	4,936,687	5,431,041		
Assigned												
Endowment fund	121,353	132,281	56,096	61,069	85,015	111,136	101,609	68,027	70,643	244,226		
Debt service fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Gift/grants fund								<u> </u>	641,063			
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,269,673	\$ 6,149,201	\$ 5,724,605	\$ 7,187,886	\$ 6,829,110	\$ 7,681,691	\$ 9,252,577	\$ 9,910,154	\$ 13,833,788	\$ 15,464,002		

## Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ 15,845,002	\$ 16,782,445	\$ 16,247,980	\$ 17,667,159	\$ 18,155,778	\$ 19,068,377	\$ 24,205,101	\$ 23,375,361	\$ 25,483,967	\$ 26,438,252
Grants	907,260	731,373	605,288	430,354	746,205	511,375	-	-	-	-
State and federal funds	505,696	429,941	873,500	248,249	235,888	246,829	760,577	1,127,756	1,865,796	3,170,338
Charges for services	708,833	709,862	676,389	759,345	810,666	837,037	588,224	241,889	384,858	467,853
Investment income (loss)	97,440	99,889	89,888	145,346	298,132	480,374	413,067	866,110	(543,829)	1,359,856
Contributions	1,044,744	1,133,789	821,654	2,340,903	680,475	1,608,059	1,961,132	827,570	2,845,227	531,788
Other	6,915	44,565	94,567	150,566	138,892	82,593	60,571	149,781	34,285	90,473
Total revenues	19,115,890	19,931,864	19,409,266	21,741,922	21,066,036	22,834,644	27,988,672	26,588,467	30,070,304	32,058,560
Expenditures										
Program services										
Salaries and fringe benefits	10,659,283	10,621,745	11,272,083	11,255,418	11,881,203	11,867,868	12,602,375	13,076,829	14,254,037	16,024,876
Library materials	2,566,864	2,607,439	2,346,761	2,214,509	2,291,248	2,242,771	2,729,791	2,296,339	2,415,786	3,187,841
General operating	2,231,265	2,026,159	2,444,595	2,309,209	2,910,117	3,425,003	3,573,769	3,630,179	3,900,221	4,540,692
Building operating	2,699,597	2,627,872	2,896,853	2,816,034	2,723,816	3,071,281	2,747,109	3,028,849	2,891,487	2,902,904
Debt service	2,729,534	612,644	612,301	569,675	548,048	544,024	544,904	550,592	545,992	957,747
Capital outlay	466,311	425,932	913,361	1,042,755	1,097,170	956,307	2,092,467	2,713,003	724,081	2,577,139
Total expenditures	21,352,854	18,921,791	20,485,954	20,207,600	21,451,602	22,107,254	24,290,415	25,295,791	24,731,604	30,191,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(2,236,964)	1,010,073	(1,076,688)	1,534,322	(385,566)	727,390	3,698,257	1,292,676	5,338,700	1,867,361
Other financial sources (uses)										
Transfers in	3,869,297	1,749,857	1,424,019	1,667,791	695,347	1,197,737	2,817,279	2,674,691	2,815,890	5,168,682
Transfers out	(3,769,297)	(1,674,857)	(1,279,019)	(1,502,791)	(530,347)	(1,032,737)	(2,652,279)	(2,617,191)	(2,815,890)	(5,118,682)
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	4,480,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	-	-	(4,425,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000	-	-
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99,997
SBITAS										6,000
	100,000	75,000	145,000	220,000	165,000	165,000	165,000	97,500		155,997
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,136,964)	\$ 1,085,073	\$ (931,688)	\$ 1,754,322	\$ (220,566)	\$ 892,390	\$ 3,863,257	\$ 1,390,176	\$ 5,338,700	\$ 2,023,358

### General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Program Services	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Totals
2013 - 2014	\$ 18,157,009	\$ 466,311	\$ 2,729,534	\$ 21,352,854
2014 - 2015	17,883,215	425,932	612,644	18,921,791
2015 - 2016	18,960,292	913,361	612,301	20,485,954
2016 - 2017	18,595,170	1,042,755	569,675	20,207,600
2017 - 2018	19,806,384	1,097,170	548,048	21,451,602
2018 - 2019	20,606,923	956,307	544,024	22,107,254
2019 - 2020	21,653,044	2,092,467	544,904	24,290,415
2020 - 2021	22,032,196	2,713,003	550,592	25,295,791
2020 - 2021 $2021 - 2022$ $2022 - 2023$	23,461,531	724,081	545,992	24,731,604
	26,656,313	2,577,139	957,747	30,191,199

Includes only governmental funds.

### General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes Grants		State and Federal Funds		Charges for Services		Investment Income(Loss)		Contributions			Other	Total	
2013 – 2014	\$	15,845,002	\$ 907,260	\$	505,696	\$	708,833	\$	97,440	\$	1,044,744	\$	6,915	\$ 19,115,890
2014 - 2015		16,782,445	731,373		429,941		709,862		99,889		1,133,789		44,565	19,931,864
2015 - 2016		16,247,980	605,288		873,500		676,389		89,888		821,654		94,567	19,409,266
2016 - 2017		17,667,159	430,354		248,249		759,345		145,346		2,340,903		150,566	21,741,922
2017 - 2018		18,155,778	746,205		235,888		810,666		298,132		680,475		138,892	21,066,036
2018 - 2019		19,068,377	511,375		246,829		837,037		480,374		1,608,059		82,593	22,834,644
2019 - 2020		24,205,101	-		760,577		588,224		413,067		1,961,132		60,571	27,988,672
2020 - 2021		23,375,361	-		1,127,756		241,889		866,110		827,570		149,781	26,588,467
2021 - 2022		25,483,967	-		1,865,796		384,858		(543,829)		2,845,227		34,285	30,070,304
2022 - 2023		26,438,252	-		3,170,338		467,853		1,359,856		531,788		90,473	32,058,560

Includes only governmental funds.

## Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Current Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections	% of Current Tax Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Tax Collection to Current Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy
2013 – 2014	\$ 15,203,529	\$ 14,669,326	96.5%	\$ 1,050,541	\$ 15,719,867	103.4%	\$ 1,069,583	7.0%
2014 - 2015	15,306,306	15,206,848	99.4%	1,242,669	16,449,517	107.5%	998,760	6.5%
2015 - 2016	15,703,028	15,277,221	97.3%	875,610	16,152,831	102.9%	979,475	6.3%
2016 - 2017	15,959,561	15,982,304	100.1%	1,326,222	17,308,526	108.5%	976,686	6.1%
2017 - 2018	16,526,221	16,551,952	100.2%	1,179,724	17,731,676	107.3%	964,812	5.8%
2018 - 2019	17,928,580	17,893,329	99.8%	996,629	18,889,958	105.4%	968,330	5.4%
2019 - 2020	24,758,320	23,224,063	93.8%	852,318	24,076,381	97.2%	1,577,280	6.4%
2020 - 2021	23,243,010	22,356,829	96.2%	435,432	22,792,261	98.1%	1,184,629	5.1%
2021 - 2022	24,249,464	23,708,542	97.8%	1,609,234	25,317,776	104.4%	1,171,465	4.8%
2022 - 2023	25,391,058	24,930,787	98.2%	1,244,400	26,175,187	103.1%	1,470,343	5.8%

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount includes real estate, personal property and replacement merchant and manufacturing.

## Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

		Real	Esta	te		Personal	Prop	perty		Tot	al		Ratio of Total Assessed to Total
Fiscal Year	Assessed Estimated I Year Value Actual Value		Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value		Estimated Value		
2013 – 2014	\$	2,357,053	\$	10,342,788	\$	673,653	\$	2,010,903	\$	3,030,706	\$	12,353,691	24.5%
2014 - 2015		2,362,433		10,366,392		698,829		2,086,056		3,061,262		12,452,448	24.6%
2015 - 2016		2,446,793		10,736,566		736,469		2,198,414		3,183,262		12,934,980	24.6%
2016 - 2017		2,476,378		10,866,386		754,302		2,251,649		3,230,680		13,118,035	24.6%
2017 - 2018		2,872,526		12,604,689		770,907		2,301,214		3,643,432		14,905,903	24.4%
2018 - 2019		2,754,843		12,088,296		784,857		2,342,856		3,539,700		14,431,152	24.5%
2019 - 2020		3,623,483		15,899,903		763,179		2,278,145		4,386,662		18,178,048	24.1%
2020 - 2021		3,344,021		14,673,619		774,159		2,310,923		4,118,180		16,984,542	24.2%
2021 - 2022		3,596,721		15,782,470		809,068		2,415,129		4,405,789		18,197,599	24.2%
2022 - 2023		3,620,008		15,884,654		960,735		2,867,865		4,580,743		18,752,519	24.4%

## Property Tax Rates<sup>(1)</sup> – Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016 - 2017	2017 - 2018	2018 - 2019	2019 - 2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023
	0.5000.0/	0.5000.0/	0.4022.0/	0.4040.07	0.4676.07	0.5065.0/	0.5644.0/	0.5644.0/	0.5504.0/	0.5542.0/
Kansas City Public Library	0.5000 %	0.5000 %	0.4933 %	0.4940 %	0.4676 %	0.5065 %	0.5644 %	0.5644 %	0.5504 %	0.5543 %
City of Kansas City	1.5932	1.5997	1.5806	1.5906	1.6006	1.6783	1.5960	1.7529	1.6981	1.6918
City of Independence	0.7429	0.7393	0.7165	0.7216	0.7031	0.7105	0.6078	0.6672	0.6103	0.6059
City of Sugar Creek	1.1300	1.1300	1.1182	1.1300	1.0448	1.0469	0.9579	0.9910	0.9696	0.9700
State of Missouri	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
Jackson County	0.5298	0.5141	0.4956	0.5025	0.4849	0.7013	0.6110	0.6110	0.5824	0.5920
Metropolitan Community Colleges	0.2369	0.2374	0.2343	0.2339	0.2297	0.2305	0.2047	0.2128	0.2028	0.2028
Kansas City Missouri School District	4.9500	4.9500	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599	4.9599
Mental Health Fund	0.1218	0.1223	0.1198	0.1201	0.1160	0.1171	0.1008	0.1056	0.1077	0.1113
Developmentally Disabled	0.0748	0.0753	0.0738	0.0738	0.0713	0.0720	0.0620	0.0649	0.0663	0.0836
Total	9.9094 %	9.8981 %	9.8220 %	9.8564 %	9.7079 %	10.0530 %	9.6945 %	9.9597 %	9.7775 %	9.8016 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation.

# Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2022-2	2023	2013-2014		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (2)	
Evergy Metro	\$ 201,074,233	2.10 %			
Country Club Plaza JV LLC	96,091,883	1.68		0.88	
Southern Union Company dba MO Gas Energy	76,744,000	0.84	26,681,060		
Crown Power & Redevelopment Corp.	38,292,800	0.68			
Federal Reserve Bank of KC	31,084,480	0.64		0.73	
Town Pavilion Holdings LLC	29,440,990	0.49	22,260,718		
Google Fiber Missouri LLC	22,239,189	0.44			
Union Pacific	20,964,364	0.34			
Spire Missouri Inc.	20,361,280	0.34		0.47	
CIP18LC Grand Blvd Owner LLC	15,680,000	0.28			
K. C. Power & Light			128,218,487	4.22	
Hallmark			61,691,591	2.03	
AT&T & SWB			49,067,026	1.61	
J C Nichols & Highwoods Realty			26,827,301	0.88	
Bayer Corp Science			22,472,651	0.74	
Union Pacific Railroad			14,329,244	0.47	
PMO			14,216,209	0.47	
Twentieth Century Realty Inc.			14,164,528	0.46	
	\$ 551,973,219	7.83 %	\$ 379,928,815	12.96	

<sup>(1)</sup> Total assessed value for 2022-2023 was \$4,580,742,893

<sup>(2)</sup> Total assessed value for 2013-2014 was \$3,030,705,819

# Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt	Debt Service Available		Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2013 – 2014	188,538	\$ 3,010,705,819	\$ 7,185,000	\$ -	\$	7,185,000	0.24%	38.11%
2014 - 2015	190,476	3,061,261,284	4,810,000	_		4,810,000	0.16%	25.25%
2015 - 2016	208,676	3,183,261,357	4,425,000	-		4,425,000	0.14%	21.21%
2016 - 2017	193,025	3,230,680,351	-	-		-	0.00%	0.00%
2017 - 2018	197,126	3,643,432,114	-	-		-	0.00%	0.00%
2018 - 2019	212,532	3,539,699,998	-	-		-	0.00%	0.00%
2019 - 2020	214,721	4,386,661,859	-	-		-	0.00%	0.00%
2020 - 2021	218,733	4,118,180,285	-	-		-	0.00%	0.00%
2021 - 2022	224,236	4,405,789,187	-	-		-	0.00%	0.00%
2022 - 2023	237,267	4,580,742,893	_	_		_	0.00%	0.00%

# Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Outstanding Financed Purchased, Lease and Subscription Payments to Total General Fund Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 anced Lease Purchase Principal Payments	Fi	nanced Lease Purchase Interest Payments	ı	Right-to-use Liability Principal Payments	Right-to-use Liability Interest Payments	Subscription Liability Principal Payments	Subscription Liability Interest Payments	Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures	Ratio of Total Debt Service to Total General Fund Expenditures
2013 - 2014	\$ 2,365,000	\$	361,234	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,726,234	\$ 21,352,854	12.77%
2014 - 2015	375,000		234,344		-	-	-	-	609,344	18,921,791	3.22%
2015 - 2016	385,000		224,001		-	-	-	-	609,001	20,485,954	2.97%
2016 - 2017	415,000		151,375		-	-	-	-	566,375	20,207,600	2.80%
2017 - 2018	470,000		78,048		-	-	-	-	548,048	21,451,602	2.55%
2018 - 2019	475,000		69,024		-	-	-	-	544,024	22,107,254	2.46%
2019 - 2020	485,000		59,904		-	-	-	-	544,904	24,290,415	2.24%
2020 - 2021	500,000		50,592		-	-	-	-	550,592	25,295,791	2.18%
2021 - 2022	505,000		40,992		64,014	8,132	-	-	618,138	24,731,604	2.50%
2022 - 2023	520,000		31,296		82,127	8,312	282,403	33,609	957,747	30,191,199	3.17%

Note> During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Library adopted GASB 87 and 96, respectively. Previous years have not been restated for adoption of GASB 87 and 96.

### Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Estimated Actual Property

	Actual Floperty		
Fiscal Year	Value (1)	Construction (2)	Bank Deposits (2)
2013 - 2014	\$ 12,353,690,877	\$ 772,427,214	\$ 19,772,110,000
2014 - 2015	12,452,448,123	1,209,407,303	19,820,000,000
2015 - 2016	12,934,979,819	1,537,671,314	21,118,242,000
2016 - 2017	13,118,035,231	1,234,548,343	23,100,178,000
2017 - 2018	14,905,902,070	1,511,775,959	23,865,359,000
2018 - 2019	14,431,152,303	1,320,017,372	24,993,010,000
2019 - 2020	18,178,047,909	244,402,425	27,569,500,000
2020 - 2021	16,984,541,627	607,188,484	32,502,893,000
2021 - 2022	18,197,598,797	882,936,703	39,116,008,000
2022 - 2023	18,752,519,007	3,203,976,114	40,498,063,000

- (1) See table "Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property."
- (2) Includes information for all of Jackson County although other public library districts exist in Jackson County; therefore, a portion of these values do not relate to the Library. A breakdown of the above information by individual library districts within Jackson County is not available. Bank deposits include commercial banks and savings and loan associations.

### Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per		
			Capita		
Fiscal		Personal	Personal		Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Income		Rate
		(in thousands)			
2014	188,538 (1)	4,659,151	24,712	(1)	7.40%
2015	190,476 (2)	4,756,567	24,972	(2)	6.70%
2016	208,676 (3)	5,296,751	26,131	(4)	4.10%
2017	193,025 (5)	5,664,512	29,346	(5)	3.90%
2018	197,126 (6)	5,631,298	28,567	(6)	3.60%
2019	212,532 (7)	6,040,499	29,164	(7)	3.30%
2020	214,721 (8)	6,426,064	29,918	(9)	7.80%
2021	218,733 (10)	6,690,666	30,595	(10)	4.40%
2022	224,236 (11)	6,627,295	29,555	(11)	4.22%
2023	237,267 (12)	8,387,863	35,352	(13)	2.80%

- (1) Source: 2010-2012 American Community Survey Kansas City Public School District
- (2) Source: 2011-2013 American Community Survey Kansas City Public School District
- (3) Source: 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-year estimate Kansas City Public Library District
- (4) Source: 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-year estimate Kansas City School District
- (5) Source: 2015 American Community Survey 1-year estimate Kansas City Public School District
- (6) Source: 2016 American Community Survey 1-year estimate Kansas City Public School District
- (7) Source: 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-year estimate Kansas City Public Library District
- (8) Source: 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-year estimate Library District
- (9) Source: 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-year estimate Kansas City Public School District
- (10) Source: 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-yearestimate Library District
- (11) Source: BCA Report-Demographics-Library Service Area
- (12) Source: Orangeboy Library Service Area, 5-year estimate
- (13) Source: ACS Census Data (2017-2021)

## Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	20	)23	2	014
		Percent of		Percent of
	Number of	Total	Number of	Total
	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>
<u>Employer</u>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Federal Government	31,986	4.9%	27,300	4.9%
Oracle Cerner Corp.	11,900	1.8%	9,850	1.8%
University of Kansas Heath System	11,255	1.7%		
HCA Midwest Health System	10,051	1.5%	9,394	1.7%
Saint Luke's Health System	9,976	1.5%	8,914	1.6%
Sprint Corp.			7,500	1.3%

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Kansas City Business Journal - Research-Databases

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics - Total Nonfarm Employees for Kansas City, MO in June 2023 was 650,600

<sup>(3)</sup> Source: Kansas City Business Journal-Top Area Private & Public Employers

<sup>(4)</sup> Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics - Total Nonfarm Employees for Kansas City, MO in June 2014 was 556,400

## Full-Time and Part-Time Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General government	190.29	189.12	189.78	192.08	192.50	215.83	218.01	218.01	224.11	227.86
Business-activity	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Total	190.29	189.12	189.78	192.08	192.50	215.83	218.01	218.01	224.11	227.86

## Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Government										
Branches	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Vehicles	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	9	10	8
Maintenance lift	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Collection (Volumes/items owned)	996,270	885,460	872,956	762,658	810,044	822,508	731,007	740,410	736,819	660,357

#### Miscellaneous Statistical Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Full-Time Equivalents	Number of Volumes Owned	Number of Materials Circulated	Number of Registered Borrowers
2013 - 2014	190.29	1,002,252	2,005,397	214,433
2014 - 2015	189.12	885,460	2,161,016	233,138
2015 - 2016	189.78	872,956	2,087,400	265,349
2016 - 2017	192.08	762,658	1,986,277	224,563
2017 - 2018	192.50	810,044	1,948,409	160,805
2018 - 2019	215.83	822,508	1,927,087	193,646
2019 - 2020	215.01	731,007	1,780,177	197,317
2020 - 2021	218.01	740,410	1,559,148	190,180
2021 - 2022	224.11	736,819	1,873,795	196,122
2022 - 2023	227.86	660,357	2,044,300	214,885

## Circulation Summary by Location Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Central Library	L.H. Bluford Branch	North-East Branch	Plaza Branch	Southeast Branch	Sugar Creek Branch	Trails West Branch	Waldo Branch	Westport Branch	I.H. Ruiz Branch	Digital Branch	Total
2013 – 2014	591 204	51 215	02 720	430,500	50.922	20.541	157 092	206 219	71 262	22.409	319,116	2 005 207
	581,394	51,315	83,728	)	59,833	20,541	157,982	206,318	71,262	23,408	/ -	2,005,397
2014 - 2015	536,014	58,012	83,060	428,707	60,687	19,387	141,478	203,123	64,827	21,826	543,895	2,161,016
2015 - 2016	496,529	47,143	72,683	405,117	52,953	15,286	111,914	190,034	57,705	19,655	618,381	2,087,400
2016 - 2017	487,994	42,365	61,580	374,379	41,309	14,964	93,194	175,594	48,769	16,259	629,870	1,986,277
2017 - 2018	498,040	44,172	57,035	356,755	38,033	12,470	85,313	168,855	44,499	15,361	627,876	1,948,409
2018 - 2019	452,027	45,243	53,530	350,097	35,545	11,664	74,841	161,274	39,165	15,998	687,703	1,927,087
2019 - 2020	319,701	33,656	27,830	250,952	27,230	9,511	62,064	127,019	27,364	12,709	882,141	1,780,177
2020 - 2021	201,127	15,246	10,099	117,233	17,334	3,585	29,796	58,775	11,555	5,316	1,089,082	1,559,148
2021 - 2022	306,036	30,022	32,636	234,659	24,802	7,114	42,710	124,000	20,838	7,938	1,043,040	1,873,795
2022 - 2023	337,512	28,126	37,105	240,020	26,490	6,730	47,733	132,843	21,937	11,912	1,153,892	2,044,300

# Schedule of Service Locations June 30, 2023

Library Name and Address	Square Feet	Meeting Roo Capacity		Number of Hours of Operation/Wk.	Owned/ Leased
Central Library 14 W. 10th Street Kansas City, Missouri 64105	175,000	Meeting Rooms	2,531	58	Owned
Plaza Branch 4801 Main Kansas City, Missouri 64112	51,522	Meeting Rooms	671	76	Owned
L. H. Bluford Branch 3050 Prospect Kansas City, Missouri 64128	14,200	Meeting Rooms	110	66	Owned
North-East Branch 6000 Wilson Road Kansas City, Missouri 64123	15,100	Meeting Rooms	90	64	Owned
Southeast Branch 6242 Swope Parkway Kansas City, Missouri 64130	14,200	Meeting Rooms	90	55	Owned
Trails West Branch 11401 E. 23rd Independence, Missouri 64052	14,200	Meeting Rooms	90	64	Owned
Waldo Branch 201 E. 75th Street Kansas City, Missouri 64114	14,200	Meeting Rooms	90	67	Owned
Westport Branch 118 Westport Road Kansas City, Missouri 64111	8,000	Meeting Room	60	46	Owned
Sugar Creek Branch 102 S. Sterling Sugar Creek, Missouri 64054	2,800	N/A	-	36	Leased
Irene H. Ruiz Branch 2017 W. Pennway Kansas City, Missouri 64108	4,000	Meeting Room	25	42	Leased



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# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Kansas City, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Kansas City Public Library (the Library), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2024.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Board of Trustees Kansas City Public Library Page 2

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri February 5, 2024